



**KISII UNIVERSITY**  
**UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS**

**THIRD YEAR EXAMINATION FOR THE AWARD OF THE  
DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN MATHEMATICS  
SECOND SEMESTER, 2021/2022  
(JUNE-SEPTEMBER, 2022)**

**MATH 313: REAL ANALYSIS II**

**STREAM: Y3 S2**

**TIME: 2 HOURS**

**DAY: TUESDAY, 12:00 – 2:00 P.M.**

**DATE: 20/09/2022**

**INSTRUCTIONS**

1. *Do not write anything on this question paper.*
2. *Answer Question ONE [Compulsory] and any other THREE Questions.*

**QUESTION ONE**

- a) Use Weierstrass M-test to show that  $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$  is uniformly convergent 5mks
- b) Define the exponential function and list three characteristics for exponential functions 4mks
- c) Use ratio test to show whether  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n!$  is convergent or not 5mks
- d) Find the values of  $x$  for which the series  $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} (2x+1)^n$  4mks
- e) Let  $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & x \in [a, b] \cap \mathbb{Q} \\ -1, & x \in [a, b] \cap \mathbb{Q}^c \end{cases}$ , show that  $f(x)$  is not Riemann integral 6mks
- f) State the Darboux's integrability condition 2mks
- g) Evaluate  $\int_{-1}^1 x d e^{|x|}$ , where  $e^{|x|} = \begin{cases} e^x & 0 \leq x \leq 1 \\ e^{-x} & -1 \leq x \leq 0 \end{cases}$  4mks

**QUESTION TWO**

- h) Prove that a bounded monotonic function is a function of a bounded variation 4mks
- i) Prove that a function of bounded variation is necessarily bounded 4mks
- j) Prove that the sum of two functions of bounded variation is also of bounded variation 4mks
- k) Prove that the product of two functions of bounded variation is also of bounded variation 4mks
- l) Find the range of convergence of  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} x^n$  4mks

**QUESTION THREE**

- m) Let  $f: [a, b] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be a continuous function and  $f(a) \neq f(b)$ . Prove that if  $k$  is any number between  $f(a)$  and  $f(b)$ , then there exists  $c \in (a, b)$  such that  $f(c) = k$ . 5mks
- n) Prove that if  $f: [a, b] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  is a continuous function then  $f$  is Riemann-Stieltjes integrable w.r.t  $\alpha$  5mks
- o) Let  $f(x) = x^2$ , compute
- i)  $U(p, f, \alpha)$  given that  $\alpha(x) = 2x + 1$  and  $p = \{0 < 1/3 < 2/3 < 1\}$

- i      ii) Let  $P_n = \{0, 1/n, 2/n, \dots, 1\}$  compute  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} U(P_n, f, \alpha)$   
 ii      iii) From ii) above, state whether or not  $f \in R(\alpha)$  on  $[0, 1]$  10mks

**QUESTION FOUR**

- a) Suppose  $f_n \rightarrow f$  uniformly on a set  $E$  in a metric space. Let  $a$  be a limit of  $E$  and suppose that  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} f_n(x) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} A_n$ . Prove that  $A_n$  converges and  $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} A_n$  7mks  
 b) State and prove the Cauchy-criterion for uniform convergence 7mks  
 c) Find the interval and radius of convergence of the series  $\sum (-1)^n (x-1)^n$  using the root test method 6mks

**QUESTION FIVE**

- d) Show that if  $\sum Z_n$  is absolutely convergent, then  $\sum Z_n$  is convergent, however the converse is not necessarily true 8mks  
 e) State and prove the intermediate mean value theorem 6mks  
 f) Show that if  $f(x) = k$  is a constant function on  $[a, b]$ , then  $f \in R[a, b]$  and find its integral 6mks