

# SECOND YEAR EXAMINATION FOR THE AWARD OF THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF EDUCATION SCIENCE FIRST SEMESTER 2021/2022 (FEBRUARY-JUNE, 2022)

# **BOTA 241: TAXONOMY OF HIGHER PLANTS**

STREAM: Y2 S1 TIME: 2 HOURS

DAY:MONDAY, 9:00 AM - 11:00 AM DATE: 09/05/2022

### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

1. Do not write anything on this question paper.

2. Answer Section A (Compulsory) and any other TWO Questions in section B.

### **SECTION A: ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS (40 MARKS)**

1. Citing relevant examples explain the following concepts used in plant taxonomy

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	i.	Nomina familia conservenda				(3 marks)
	ii.	Principle of priority				(3 marks)
	iii.	Effective publication				(3 marks)
	iv.	Folk taxonomy				(3marks)
2.	Differ	entiate between the following terms				
	i.	Epitype and holotype				(1 mark)
	ii.	Homonym and autonym				(1mark)
3.	Descri	be the following				
	i.	Fumigation				(3 marks)
	ii.	Lectotypification				(3 marks)

**4.** The ICBN has proposed a nomenclature method recognizing ethnosystematics and folk taxonomy. How would this be useful to the science of taxonomy. (3 marks)

- 5. State three reasons for the lack of interest in botanical nomenclature and taxonomy in society. (3 marks)
- **6.** State why a code of plant nomenclature is still important today. (4 marks)
- 7. Name the sources of commemorative epithets in plant nomenclature. (4 marks)
- **8.** Find below the naming history/ protologue of a plant in the family Acanthaceae.
  - i. Justicia mollissima Wallich nom. nud. 1830
  - ii. Justicia mollissima Wallich ex Nees (1832)
  - iii. Justicia mollissima (Nees) Y.F. Deng & T.F. Daniel (2011)

Which name is the legitimate as per ICBN and explain why? (6 marks)

# **SECTION B: ANSWER ANY TWO QUESTIONS (30 MARKS)**

- **9.** Outline the similarities and differences of the Solanaceae, Scrophulariaceae and Convolvulaceae. (15 marks)
- **10.** Compare and contrast the plant families Acanthaceae, Verbenaceae and Lamiaceae (*n.a.* Labiatae) (15 marks)
- 11. Compare and contrast the plant families Sterculiaceae, Malvaceae and Tiliaceae

(15 marks)