



KISII UNIVERSITY
UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS
FOURTH YEAR EXAMINATION FOR THE AWARD OF THE
DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF EDUCATION SCIENCE

FIRST SEMESTER 2022/2023
[SEPTEMBER-DECEMBER, 2022]

PHYS 411: QUANTUM MECHANICS

STREAM: Y4S1

TIME: 2 HOURS

DAY: FRIDAY, 9:00 – 11:00 AM

DATE: 23/12/2022

INSTRUCTIONS

1. Do not write anything on this question paper.
2. Answer Question ONE and any other TWO Questions.

QUESTION ONE [30 MARKS]

- a) By considering anisotropic oscillator in a three dimensional potential, write the eigen energies corresponding to the potential. [2 Marks]
- b) Define the term Hermitian operator and using the wave function (ψ) gives its mathematical expression. [2 Marks]

c) Taking

$$\hat{J}_{\pm} = \hat{J}_x \pm i\hat{J}_y$$

Show that:

$$[\hat{J}_+, \hat{J}_-] = 2\hbar\hat{J}_z$$

[4 Marks]

d) Derive the following commutation relationship: [4 Marks]

i. $[L_+, L_z] = -\hbar L_+$

ii. $[L_-, L_z] = -\hbar L_-$

e) Given that the electrons total momentum vector is given by; [4 Marks]

$$J = L \times S \quad \text{and that } L \times L = i\hbar L \quad \text{and } S \times S = i\hbar S$$

Find $J \times J$

f) What problem does stationary perturbation theory try to solve in quantum mechanics. [2 Marks]

g) Differentiate between degenerate perturbation theory and non-degenerate perturbation theory. [4 Marks]

h) Prove that;

$$J^2 = L^2 + S^2 + 2L \cdot S$$

[4 Marks]

i) Write L_x, L_y and L_z in the spherical polar coordinates using r, θ and φ .

[3 Marks]

QUESTION TWO [20 MARKS]

a) show that for a quantum mechanical oscillator the harmonic oscillator eigen function is given by: [10 Marks]

$$E_n = \left(n + \frac{1}{2}\right)\hbar\omega$$

b) systematically show that the time independent schrodinger equation in spherical coordinates takes the form: [10 Marks]

$$\left[-\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial r^2} r + \frac{1}{2mr^2} L^2 + V(r)\right] \Psi(r) = E \Psi(r)$$

QUESTION THREE [20 MARKS]

a) Systematically show that in the degenerate perturbation theory, the first order correction in the energy is given by; [10 Marks]

$$\sum_{\alpha=1}^f (\hat{H}_{P,\beta\alpha} - E_n^{(1)} \delta_{\alpha,\beta}) a_{\alpha} = 0$$

Where $\beta = 1, 2, 3, \dots, f$

b) In the first order correction in energy E_n^1 show that; [10 Marks]

$$E_n^1 = \langle \varphi_n | \hat{H}_p | \varphi_n \rangle = \sum_{m \neq n} \frac{\langle \varphi_m | \hat{H}_p | \varphi_n \rangle \langle \varphi_n | \hat{H}_p | \varphi_m \rangle}{E_n^{(0)} - E_m^{(0)}}$$

QUESTION FOUR [20 MARKS]

a) What are the goals of time dependent perturbation theory. [3 Marks]

b) Show that; [6 Marks]

$$\sum_n i\hbar \frac{\partial c_n}{\partial t} - c_n(t) V(t) e^{-\frac{iE_n t}{\hbar}} |n\rangle = 0$$

c) What are the main differences between time independence perturbation theory and time dependent perturbation theory. [4 Marks]

d) For time dependent perturbation theory, show that;

[7mks]

$$i\hbar \frac{dc_n(t)}{dt} = \sum_m H_{nm}(t) \exp(i\omega_{nm}t) C_m(t)$$

QUESTION FIVE [20 MARKS]

a) A particle of charge q and mass M , which is moving in one dimension. Harmonic potential of frequency ω is subjected to a weak electric field E in the x -direction.

i) Find the expression for the energy. [5 Marks]

ii) Calculate the energy to the first non-zero correction and compare it to the exact result obtained in (a) [10 Marks]

b) By clearly showing each step, prove that the following equation are correct;

$$[L^2, L_x] = [L^2, L_y] = [L^2, L_z] = 0 \quad [5 \text{ Marks}]$$