## KISII UNIVERSITY FACULTY OF AGRICULTURE

## AGBM 241 BUSINESS STATISTICS Exam 2022

## SECTION A: ANSWER ONE QUESTIONS AND ANY OTHER THREE

- 1.
- i. Define the term correlation analysis as used in Business statistics. [2 Marks]
- ii. Outline the three main types of correlation.
- iii. State five methods of correlation
  - B. Given the data is table 1 below.

Table 1 : variables Y and X

Α.

Y	48	35	17	23	47
Х	45	20	40	25	45

a)	Calculate Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation and interpret its	value
		[3 Marks]
b)	Calculate correlation coefficient by direct method (i.e. without taki	ng the
	deviations from actual mean or assumed mean).	[3 Marks]
c)	Calculate the probability error ( $P.E_r$ )	[3 Marks]
d)	Calculate the standard error of coefficient of correlation.	[3 Marks]
e)	If $r = 0.6$ and N=64, find out the probable error of the coefficient of	of

correlation and determine the limits of population r [3Marks]

2.

- i. Four playing cards are drawn without replacement. What is the probability that they are all Aces? [5 Marks]
- ii. Using binomial distributions, find the probability of 4 heads in 10 flips.

[5 Marks]

[3 Marks]

(5 Marks]

- A student in Kisii University receives an average of 8 calls per hour. Use Poisson distribution to determine the probability of receiving 3 calls randomly in a selected hour.
- iv. FACTORIAL Determine

a) 
$$\frac{C_2^{10} \times C_2^8 \times C_4^{12}}{C_8^{12}}$$

[5 Marks]

b) In shuffling a pack of cards, eight cards are accidentally dropped; find the chance that the missing cards should be two from each suit which is given as

$$\frac{C_2^{13} \times C_2^{13} \times C_2^{13} \times C_2^{13}}{C_8^{52}}$$

[5 Marks]

- 3.
- a) Determine the average deviation, variance, coefficient of variation, standard deviation, mean, mode, and median of the given ungrouped data (15 Marks)

## Table 2: Ungrouped data

6	7	6	8	5	7	6	9	10	6
b)	Define t	he follow	ing terms	as used i	in statistic	cs			
	Ι. ΄	Variable							[2Marks]
II. Random variable								[2 Marks]	
III. Sample							[2 Marks]		
IV. Discrete variables							[2 Marks]		
V. Nominal level							[2 Marks]		

4.

- a) Define and explain the term ANOVA
- [5 Marks] b) A tea company in Kericho County appoints four Salesmen A, B, C, D and observes their sales in three seasons -1, 2 and 3. The figures in thousands of Kenya shillings are given in the following table:

		Salesmen				
Seasons	А	В	С	D	Totals	
1	36	36	21	35	128	
2	28	29	31	32	120	
3	26	28	29	29	112	
Salesmen's	90	93	81	96	360	
Totals						

Code the above data by subtracting 30 from each figure (value) and answer the following questions:

- a) Do salesmen significantly differ in performance
- b) Is there any significance difference between seasons [10 marks] For critical value (2,6) d.f  $F_{0.05}$  = 5.14 AND For critical value (3,6) d.f  $F_{0.05}$  = 4.76
  - 5. Given the following two linear variable model,  $Q_i = \beta_0 + \beta_1 P_i + \mu_i$
  - a) State five assumptions of the classical linear regression model (OLS) put forward for the error [5 Marks] term.
  - b) Give the data below on quantity demanded (Q) and price (P) :-

Q	12	8	9	6	4	2	1
Р	2	3	6	6	10	12	17

With 5 df,  $t_{0.05} = 2.571$ 

Estimate the demand function. i.

[8 Marks]

[10 marks]

ii. State whether  $\beta_0$  and  $\beta_1$  are statistically significant at 5 % level of significance.

		[5 Marks]
iii.	Determine the coefficient of correlation between $Q$ and $P$ .	[2 Marks]
iv.	Determine the coefficient of determination and adjusted $R(\overline{R})$ .	[2 Marks]
v.	Find the coefficient of price elasticity of demand given $\overline{Q} = 6$ and $\overline{P} = 6$	= 8
		[3 Marks]

- 6.
- i. Explain what is meant term chi-square ( $\chi^2$ ). [5 Marks] ii. In anti a malaria campaign at Kisii University, and its environs, Quinine was
  - administered to 812 out of a total of 3,248 as in the table below. Discuss the usefulness of Quinine in checking Malaria. [20 Marks]

Treatment	Fever	No Fever	Total
Quinine	20	792	812
No Quinine	220	2,216	2,436
Total	240	3,008	3,248