



KISII UNIVERSITY

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS

SPECIAL EXAMINATION

**FIRST YEAR EXAMINATION FOR THE AWARD OF
DEGREE IN BACHELOR OF EDUCATION SCIENCE**

SECOND SEMESTER 2021/2022

(JULY, 2022)

MATH 113: VECTORS AND MECHANICS

STREAM: Y1 S2

TIME: 2 HOURS

DAY: TUESDAY, 3.00 PM – 5.00 PM

DATE: 26/07/2022

INSTRUCTIONS:

- 1. Do not write anything on this question paper.***
- 2. Answer Question ONE (Compulsory) and any other TWO Questions.***

QUESTION ONE (COMPULSORY) (30 MARKS)

- If $A = (4, 2, 5)$ and $B = (5, 7, -3)$. Find \overrightarrow{AB} and $|\overrightarrow{AB}|$. (3marks)
- A body is projected vertically upwards with an initial velocity of $75m/s$. Find:
 - Time taken to reach maximum height. (2marks)
 - The maximum height reached. (2marks)
 - The time of flight. (2marks)
- Two masses $20kg$ and $8kg$ are connected to a fine string which passes over a smooth pulley fixed at the end of an inclined plane which is $17 metres$ long and $8metres$ high. The heavier particle rests on the plane and the lighter particle hangs on the pulley. Find the acceleration of the masses and the tension in the string. (5marks)
- The sides of a square lamina A, B, C, D are each $4metres$ long. Along AB, CB, CD, DA and BD act as forces of magnitude $2, 4, 6, 8$ and $10 N$ respectively. Find the algebraic sum of their moments about:
 - Point A (2marks)
 - The center of the square. (2marks)
- Explain the general principle of moments. (3marks)
- A body of mass $15kg$ is held on a smooth slope at 30° to the horizontal. Find the acceleration of the body when it is released and the normal reaction to the body. (5marks)

- g) If $\mathbf{A} = 4i - 4j + 3k$ and $\mathbf{B} = -2i + j - 2k$. Find the unit vector:
- i) in the direction of \mathbf{A} (2marks)
 - ii) perpendicular to the plane of \mathbf{AB} (2marks)

QUESTION TWO (20MARKS)

- a) Derive the third equation of motion under constant acceleration. (4marks)
- b) A body has an initial velocity of 150m/s and is subjected to an acceleration of -20m/s/s . find its velocity after 4 seconds. (3marks)
- c) A non-uniform ladder 30metres long and 50kg mass rests with the end A against a smooth vertical wall and the other end B on a smooth ground 6metres from the wall. It is maintained in this position by a horizontal cord attached at B . If the centre of gravity is 10metres from B ; find:
 - i) Normal reaction at A (3marks)
 - ii) Tension in the cord (1mark)
 - iii) Normal reaction at B (2marks)
- d) The distance x metres moved by a body after t seconds is given by $x = t^2 + 4t + 3$ metres. Find its velocity and acceleration after 3 seconds. (3marks)
- e) If $\mathbf{A} = 2i - j + 3k$ and $\mathbf{B} = -3i - 2j + 5k$. Find:
 - i) The magnitude of $\mathbf{A} + \mathbf{B}$ (2marks)
 - ii) The angle between the vectors \mathbf{A} and \mathbf{B} . (2marks)

QUESTION THREE (20MARKS)

- a) Prove that the following vectors are parallel:

$$\mathbf{u} = 2i - 3j + k \quad \text{and} \quad \mathbf{v} = -i + \frac{3}{2}j - \frac{1}{2}k$$
 (3 marks)
- b) The mass of a vehicle is 1500kg . The combined frictional and resistance is 750N . Find the driving force of the vehicle, if it is traveling on a level surface with acceleration of 3m/s/s . (3marks)
- c) Find the displacement and velocity of a particle after 3 seconds whose initial velocity is $\left(\frac{2}{5}\right)\text{m/s}$ if it had a constant acceleration of $\left(\frac{3}{-4}\right)\text{m/s/s}$. (3marks)
- d) A particle moving in a straight line has an acceleration of $(2t - 9)\text{m/s/s}$ after t seconds. If its velocity at $t = 0$ is 18m/s . Find the value of t for which it is stationary. (5marks)
- e) Four vectors of magnitude 4, $5\sqrt{2}$, 6 and 8 units inclined at angles of 45° , 60° , 75° , and 150° to the x-axis. Find the magnitude and direction of the resultant vector R . (4marks)
- f) A vector \overrightarrow{OP} has a magnitude of 4 units in the direction of 30° . Find its resolution along the x and y - axis respectively. (2marks)

QUESTION FOUR (20MARKS)

a) Given the vectors $\mathbf{A} = 2i - 4j + 3k$ and $\mathbf{B} = 2i - 3j + 5k$, find:

i) $\mathbf{A} \times \mathbf{B}$ ii) $\mathbf{B} \times \mathbf{A}$ (4marks)

b) Forces of magnitude 3, 7 and 5N act along the sides AB , BC and CA of an equilateral triangle. Find the magnitude and direction of the resultant with AB along the x – axis. (5marks)

c) A body of mass 8kg is allowed to slide down a rough surface inclined at 40° to the horizontal against a frictional force of 20N. find:

i) the normal reaction R (2marks)

ii) the co-efficient of friction (2marks)

iii) The acceleration of the body (2marks)

d) A body of mass 4kg is placed on a smooth surface and is connected by a string over a smooth pulley to a mass of 6kg hanging freely. The system is released. Find the acceleration of the system and the tension on the string. (5marks)

QUESTION FIVE (20MARKS)

a) A particle of weights 3, 4, 5 and 6N are placed at the vertices of a rectangular frame A, B, C and D respectively. If $AB = 6\text{cm}$ and $BC = 12\text{cm}$, find the position of the centre of gravity relative to the point A . (5marks)

b) If $\mathbf{A} = 2i - 3j + k$, $\mathbf{B} = i + 4j - 2k$ and $\mathbf{C} = -3i + 2j + k$, find:

i) $\mathbf{A} \cdot \mathbf{B}$ ii) $\mathbf{A} \times \mathbf{C}$ iii) $\mathbf{A} \cdot (\mathbf{B} \times \mathbf{C})$ (6marks)

c) Show that the area of a parallelogram is given by $|\mathbf{A} \times \mathbf{B}|$. Hence, find the area of a parallelogram with sides $\mathbf{A} = 3i + j - 2k$, $\mathbf{B} = i - 3j + 4k$. (5marks)

d) The path of a particle after t seconds is given by $\mathbf{r} = t\mathbf{i} + (3t - t^3)\mathbf{j}$. Find its velocity and acceleration after 3 seconds. (4marks)