



KISII UNIVERSITY

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS

FIRST YEAR EXAMINATION FOR THE AWARD OF THE DEGREE OF MASTER OF SCIENCE APPLIED STATISTICS FIRST SEMESTER 2022/2023 (JUNE-SEPTEMBER, 2022)

MATH 873: MULTIVARIATE ANALYISI

STREAM: Y1S1

TIME: 3 HOURS

DAY: FRIDAY, 8.00 AM – 11.00 AM

DATE: 23/09/2022

INSTRUCTIONS:

- 1. Do not write anything on this question paper.**
- 2. Answer Question ONE (Compulsory) and Any Other TWO Questions**

QUESTION ONE (30 MARKS)

- 1 a) State three objectives of Multivariate data analysis (3marks)
- b) Explain the meaning of correlation coefficient in multivariate analysis (2marks)
- c) Show that $\text{Var}(X)$ can be written as $\Sigma = E[XX^T] - \mu\mu^T$ (4marks)
- d) Given that $\Sigma = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 9 & -3 \\ 2 & -3 & 25 \end{bmatrix}$
- i) Obtain $V^{\frac{1}{2}}$ (2marks)
- ii) ρ (2marks)
- e) Given that $X \sim N_3(\mu, \varepsilon)$ where $\Sigma = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$, determine whether
- i) X_1 and X_2 are independent (1mark)
- ii) (X_1X_2) and X_3 are independent (3marks)

f) Let $a \neq 0$ where a is a $p \times 1$ vector of constant. Show that $Var(a^T X) = a^T \Sigma a$ (5marks)

g) Consider a p-variate normal distribution $f(x) = \left(\frac{1}{2\pi}\right)^{\frac{p}{2}} \frac{1}{|\Sigma|^{\frac{1}{2}}} \exp^{-\frac{1}{2}Q}$

where $Q = (X - \mu)^T \Sigma^{-1} (X - \mu)$. Show that

i) $E[X] = \mu$ (5marks)

ii) $Q = X^T \Sigma^{-1} X - X^T \Sigma^{-1} \mu - \mu^T \Sigma^{-1} X + \mu^T \Sigma^{-1} \mu$ (3marks)

QUESTION TWO (15 MARKS)

a) Explain Hotellings T^2 statistics (1mark)

b) Outline the procedure of testing hypothesis using Hotellings T^2 statistics (4marks)

c) let a matrix for a random sample of size $n = 7$ from a bivariate normal population be

$X = \begin{Bmatrix} 15 & 13 & 12 & 15 & 17 & 10 & 16 \\ 19 & 15 & 17 & 21 & 24 & 20 & 17 \end{Bmatrix}$. Test the hypothesis that; $H_0: \mu = [17 \ 15]^T$ vs $H_1: \mu \neq [17 \ 15]^T$ at $\alpha=0.05$ (10marks)

QUESTION THREE (15 MARKS)

2 a) Write down the bivariate normal distribution (3marks)

b) Given that $X \sim N_3(\mu, \Sigma)$ find the distribution of $Y = \begin{bmatrix} X_1 - X_2 \\ X_2 - X_3 \end{bmatrix}$ (6marks)

c) Suppose $X \sim N_5(\mu, \Sigma)$ find the distribution of $\begin{bmatrix} X_2 \\ X_4 \end{bmatrix}$ (6marks)

QUESTION FOUR (15 MARKS)

a) Given a bivariate random vector $X = \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{pmatrix}$, explain conditional distribution

b) of x_2 given x_1 (2marks)

c) Given $X = \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \end{pmatrix}$, $\mu = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 5 \\ -2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$, $\Sigma = \begin{bmatrix} 9 & 0 & 3 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 2 \\ 3 & -1 & 6 & -3 \\ 3 & 2 & -3 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$ and that $Y = \begin{pmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \end{pmatrix}$, $V = \begin{pmatrix} v_1 \\ v_2 \end{pmatrix}$

Obtain

i) $E(\underline{Y} | \underline{V})$ (4marks)

ii) $Var(\underline{Y} | \underline{V})$ (4marks)

d) Suppose $U = a'X$ and $V = b'X$, show that $COV(U, V) = a' \Sigma b$ (5marks)

QUESTION FIVE (15 MARKS)

a) Suppose X is a random vector, show that $var(X) = E[XX^T] - \mu\mu^T$ (4marks)

b) Given that $U = a^T X$ and $V = b^T X$ where X is a random vector and b and a are some vectors of constants. Determine $Cov(U, V)$ (5marks)

c) Given that a p-variate normal distribution i.e. $\underline{X} \sim N_p(\mu, \Sigma)$.

d) Define $Y = \Sigma^{-\frac{1}{2}}(\underline{X} - \underline{\mu})$ find the density function of Y i.e. $f(y)$ (6marks)