GEOG 126



FIRST YEAR EXAMINATION FOR THE AWARD OF THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF ARTS IN GEOGRAPHY SECOND SEMESTER 2023/2024 [JAN – APRIL, 2024]

GEOG 126: FUNDAMENTALS OF GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION SYSTEMS

STREAM: Y1 S2

TIME: 2 HOURS

DATE: 15 /04/2024

DAY: MONDAY, 9:00 - 11:00 A.M.

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Do not write anything on this question paper.
- 2. Answer question ONE (Compulsory) and any other TWO questions.

QUESTION ONE

- a) Use clear diagrams to elaborate the differences between the following:
 - i) Geosynchronous satellite orbit and geostationary satellite orbit

(4 marks) (2 marks)

ii) True north and grid north

- b) Explain how geographic fields and geographic objects can be applied in spatial analyses of your choice (5 marks)
- c) Explain the criteria that imagery employing raster data to detect land use and land cover change must meet (2 marks)
- d) Use diagrams to discuss the guidelines used in topological data models (12 marks)
- e) Examine the elements of data quality that a GIS analyst should observe (7 marks)

QUESTION TWO

- a) Examine how the County Government of Kisii can benefit from establishing and maintaining a GIS database for land owners in Kisii County (12 marks).
- b) Discuss how the analysis functions of GIS can be applied in urban planning (8 marks)

QUESTION THREE

- a) Use examples to explain why time and space are important in GIS (2 marks)
- b) Examine the types of data integrity in GIS
- c) Purchasing a GIS software and loading it on a computer does not mean that we have a GIS. Justify this argument using appropriate examples (5 marks)
- d) Explain situations where raster data would be prefered over vector data in spatial analysis (5 marks)

QUESTION FOUR

- a) Discuss the functions of GIS software components (14 marks)
- b) Examine the solutions that a GIS Analyst may provide to ensure a successful integration of various sources of data in GIS (6 marks)

QUESTION FIVE

a) Use a diagram to examine the rules of topological consistency in GIS.

(10 marks)

(8 marks)

- b) Use approporiate examples to examine the types of precision a spatial data must satisfy. (6 marks)
- c) Use diagrams to elaborate how the common topological errors may be resolved. (4 marks)