BSMN 225



BSMN 225: MINERAL PROCESSING 1

STREAM: Y2 S2

TIME: 2 HOURS

DATE: 12/09/2022

DAY: MONDAY, 9:00 AM - 11:00 AM

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Do not write anything on this question paper.
- 2. Answer Question ONE (compulsory) and any other TWO questions.

QUESTION 1

a) Define the following terms as used in mineral processing (5 marks)

- i. pyrometallurgy
- ii. hydrometallurgy
- iii. Recovery
- iv. Ratio of concentration
- v. Enrichment ratio

b) Briefly discuss the economic justification of mineral processing in upgrading ores and minerals. (5 marks)

c) Give five advantages of wet grinding in mineral processing (5 marks)

d) State three reasons as to why gravity concentration method is preferred to flotation in mineral concentration. (3 marks)

e) A tin concentrator treats a feed containing 1% tin and three possible combinations of concentrate grade and recovery are:

High grade 63% tin at 62% recovery

Medium grade 42% tin at 72% recovery

Low grade 21% tin at 78% recovery

Determine which of these combinations of grade and recovery produce the highest separation efficiency. Assume that tin is totally contained in the mineral cassiterite (SnO_2) , which when pure contains 78.6% tin. (6 marks)

f) Discuss the three principles of classification as used in mineral processing

(6 marks)

QUESTION 2

a) Discuss FIVE objectives of carrying out industrial screening in mineral processing (10 marks)

b) Discuss any five factors that affect the performance of cyclones (10 marks)

QUESTION 3

Describe the following methods in the process of minerals

i.	Heavy media separation(H.M.S)	(5marks)
ii.	Humphreys spirals	(5marks)
iii.	Free settling	(5marks)
iv.	Hindered settling	(5marks)

QUESTION 4

a) Give any five examples of industrial screens used in mineral processing (5 marks)

b) Discuss any five factors that affect the performance of industrial screens

(15 marks)

QUESTION 5

a) Define a flow sheet	(2 marks)
b) Give two types of flow sheets	(2 marks)
c) Discuss the importance of the recovery-grade relationship	(6 marks)
d) Discuss any five limitations of Separation Efficiency method	(10 marks)