



KISII UNIVERSITY
UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS

FIRST YEAR EXAMINATION FOR THE AWARD OF THE DEGREE OF
BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN SOFTWARE ENGINEERING/APPLIED COMPUTER
SCIENCE/BACHELOR OF INFORMATION SCIENCE
SECOND SEMESTER 2023/2024
[JAN – APRIL, 2024]

ACMP 119/SOEN 112/INS 352: SYSTEM ANALYSIS AND DESIGN

STREAM: Y1 S2

TIME: 2 HOURS

MONDAY, 12:00 DAY: - 2:00 P.M.

DATE: 15/04/2024

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Do not write anything on this question paper.***
- 2. Answer question ONE (Compulsory) and any other TWO questions.***

QUESTION ONE (COMPULSORY)

- Explain any five basic elements (characteristics) of a system. (10marks)
- System development has two major components. Explain. (5 marks)
- Differentiate deterministic systems from probabilistic systems. (2 marks)
- Extreme programming is based on five values. State them. (5 marks)
- Explain the term “Refactoring” as used in extreme programming. (2 marks)
- There are many ways to evaluate programs and activities. Explain the three main methods used by public agencies. (6 marks)

QUESTION TWO (20MARKS)

- Differentiate open-response questionnaires from closed-response questionnaires. (10 marks)
- Explain the four parts of a decision table. (4 marks)
- Structured English contains three basic types of statements that describe a process. Explain the statements. (6 marks)

QUESTION THREE (20MARKS)

- Describe the two broad categories of software requirements. (2 marks)
- Differentiate process metrics from resource metrics as measures of a software product and software process. (4 marks)
- Explain “conversion” as used in system analysis and design. (2 marks)
 - What are the six activities involved in a conversion plan? (6 marks)

- d. Describe the three types of system maintenance in system analysis and design. (6 marks)

QUESTION FOUR (20MARKS)

Using a clear labelled diagram, describe the iterative model of software development, clearly bringing out its advantages and disadvantages. (20 marks)

QUESTION FIVE (20MARKS)

a. A property **owner** is faced with a **choice** of:

(a) A large-scale investment (A) to improve her flats. This could produce a substantial pay-off in terms of increased revenue net of costs but will require an investment of ksh1,400,000. After extensive market research, it is considered that there is a 40% chance that a pay-off of Ksh 2,500,000 will be obtained, but there is a 60% chance that it will be only Ksh 800,000.

(b) A smaller scale project (B) to re-decorate her premises. At Ksh 500,000 this is less costly but will produce a lower pay-off. Research data suggests a 30% chance of a gain of Ksh 1,000,000 but a 70% chance of it being only Ksh 500,000.

Q: Draw the decision tree representing the options open for the owner. (with proper calculation). (7 marks)

- d. Compare Rapid Application Modelling versus the traditional software development life cycle. (8 marks)
- e. Explain the advantages of Rapid Application Development model. (5 marks)