

SPECIAL/SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATIONS SECOND YEAR EXAMINATION FOR THE AWARD OF THE DIPLOMA IN CLINICAL MEDICINE AND SURGERY SECOND SEMESTER, 2021/2022 (JULY, 2022)

CIMS 0287: CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY

STREAM: Y2 S2 TIME: 2 HOURS

DAY: WEDNESDAY, 8:00 - 10:00 A.M. DATE: 20/07/2022

INSTRUCTIONS

1. Do not write anything on this question paper.

PART 1: SECTION A- SAQs [60 marks]

Answer all questions

Each question carries 10 marks

1. Write short notes on Forusemide. [10 marks]

2. Describe two drugs that are used as osmotic diuretics. [10 marks]

3. Write short notes on antiprurities. [10 marks]

4. Write short notes on hydrochlorothiazide. [10 marks]

5. Briefly discuss the cell cycle indicating the points where antineoplastic agents act. [10 marks]

6. Write short notes on mechanism of antiseptics. [10 marks]

PART 1: SECTION B - LAQs [40 marks]

Answer any two questions

Each question carries 20 marks

- 1.Discuss the pharmacological actions of diuretics. State five uses diuretics. [20 marks]
- 2.Using appropriate examples and illustrations discuss antibiotic drugs that are employed in cancer chemotherapy. [20 marks]
- 3. Discuss antifungals and state topical antibiotics drugs. [20 marks]

PART 2: SECTION A - MCQs[15 marks]

Answer ALL questions

Choose the most correct answer.

- 1. Which of the following neoplastic diseases is almost curable by chemotherapy:
- A. Bronchogenic carcinoma
- B. Choriocarcinoma
- C. Malignant melanoma
- D. Colorectal carcinoma.
- 2. The following does **not** apply to cancer chemotherapy:
- A. Each treatment with a cytotoxic drug kills a constant number of malignant cells
- B. Drugs are generally used at maximum tolerated doses
- C. The same regimen which is palliative for a large solid tumour may be curative after surgical removal of the tumour
- D. Combination regimens using several drugs in succession are superior to single drug used continuously
- 3. Select the cell cycle nonspecific antineoplastic drug:
- A. Vincristine
- B. Bleomycin
- C. Methotrexate
- D. 5-Fluorouracil
- 4. Mesna is administered with cyclophosphamide and ifosphamide to:
- A. Potentiate their cytotoxic action
- B. Retard their renal excretion
- C. Block their emetic action
- D. Ameliorate cystitis caused by them

- 5. The Na+-Cl- symport in the early distal convoluted tubule of the kidney is inhibited by:
- A. Thiazides
- B. Metolazone
- C. Xipamide
- D. All of the above
- 6. Intravenous saline infusion is the treatment of choice for the following complication(s) of vigorous furosemide therapy:
- A. Dilutional hyponatremia
- B. Acute saline depletion
- C. Hypokalemia
- D. All of the above
- 7. Select the diuretic that can cause gynaecomastia, hirsutism and menstrual disturbance as a side effect on long-term use:
- A. Amiloride
- B. Spironolactone
- C. Metolazone
- D. Acetazolamide
- 8. Which of the following is most sensitive to vasopressin?
- A. Renal collecting ducts
- B. Intestinal smooth muscle
- C. Vascular smooth muscle
- D. Uterus
- 9. Which of the following peptides is a selective vasopressin V2 receptor agonist:
- A. Arginine vasopressin
- B. Desmopressin
- C. Lypessin
- D. Terlipressin
- 10. A 65-year-old patient was scheduled for surgery to remove a glioma located on his left parietal lobe. Which of the following drugs would be most appropriately given before and after surgery to prevent increased intracranial pressure?
- A. Mannitol
- **B.** Hydrochlorothiazide
- **C.** Triamterene
- **D.** Verapamil

- 11. A 70-year-old retired businessman is admitted with a history of recurrent heart failure and metabolic derangements. He has marked peripheral edema and metabolic alkalosis. Which of the following drugs is *most* appropriate for the treatment of his edema?
- **A**Acetazolamide
- **B** Digoxin
- **C** Dobutamine
- **D** Eplerenone
- 12. Which of the following is an important effect of chronic therapy with loop diuretics?
- **A** Decreased urinary excretion of calcium
- **B** Elevation of blood pressure
- **C** Elevation of pulmonary vascular pressure
- **D** Metabolic alkalosis
- 13. A graduate student is planning to make a high-altitude climb in South America while on vacation. He will not have time to acclimate slowly to altitude. A drug that is useful in preventing high-altitude sickness is
- A Acetazolamide
- B Amiloride
- C Demeclocycline
- DDesmopressin
- 14. Furosemide acts by inhibiting the following in the renal tubular cell:
- A. Na+-K+-2Cl– cotransporter
- B. Na+-Cl- symporter
- C. Na+-H+ antiporter
- D. Na+ K+ ATPase
- 15. Diuretics acting on the ascending limb of loop of Henle are the most efficacious in promoting salt and water excretion because:
- A. Maximum percentage of salt and water isreabsorbed in this segment
- B. Reabsorptive capacity of the segments distalto it is limited
- C. This segment is highly permeable to bothsalt and water
- D. This segment is responsible for creatingcorticomedullary osmotic gradient

PART 2: SECTION B - T/Fs [75 marks]

Answer ALL questions

For each question indicate if the option is TRUE(T) or FALSE (F)

- 1. The following is true cancer chemotherapy:
- (a.) Anticancer drugs increase the risk of developing leukaemias and lymphomas several years later
- (b.) All anticancer drugs are highly emetogenic
- (e.) Growth fraction of cancers is higher than any normal tissue of the body
- (d.) All of the above are correct
- (e.) None of the above is correct
- 2. Anticancer drugs weaken host defence by:
- (a.) Damaging respiratory and gut epithelia
- (b.) Inducing granulocytopenia
- (c.) Altering resident microbial flora
- (d.) Both 'A' and 'B' are correct
- (e.) None of the above
- 3. Alkylating agents exert cytotoxic action by inducing:
- (a.) Breakage of DNA strand
- (b.) Cross linking of DNA strands
- (c.) Abnormal pairing of purine and pyrimidine bases
- (d.) Separating DNA structures
- (e.) All of the above.
- 4. Methotrexate has the following attributes except:
- (a.) It is cell cycle specific and kills cells in the S phase
- (b.) Its toxicity primarily affects bone marrow and epithelial structures
- (c.) Folic acid reverses its toxic effects
- (d.) It is the drug of choice for choriocarcinoma
- (e.) All of the above
- 5. The following antineoplastic drug is a mitotic inhibitor and causes metaphase arrest:
- (a.) Busulfan
- (b.) Vincristine
- (c.) Cytarabine
- (d.) Procarbazine
- (e.) All of the above
- 6. The following cytotoxic drug acts by inhibiting depolymerization of tubulin and thus producing abnormal arrays of microtubules:
- (a.) Paclitaxel
- (b.) Vinblastine

- (c.) Etoposide
- (d.) Mitoxantrone
- (e.) None of the above
- 7. Which of the following are ADH antagonists?
- (a) Desmopressin
- (b) Etoposide
- (c) Colvaptan
- (d) Demeclocycline
- (e) Lithium
- 8. Following potassium sparing diuretic inhibits action of aldosterone
- (a) Amiloride
- (b) Triamterene
- (c) Spironolactone
- (d) Frusemide
- (e) All of the above
- 9. The following potassium sparing diuretic is a mineralocorticoid receptor antagonist
- (a) Amiloride
- (b) Triamterene
- (c) Spironolactone
- (d)Acetazolamide
- (e) All of the above
- 10. Spironolactone can be usefully combined with the following diuretics except:
- (a). Furosemide
- (b). Amiloride
- (c). Hydrochlorothiazide
- (d). Chlorthalidone
- (e). Indapamide
- 11. Which of the following chemotherapeutic agents is classified as an alkylating agent?
- (a) Cyclophosphamide
- (b) Etoposide
- (c) Mechlorethamine
- (d) Paclitaxel
- (e) Cyclophosphamide and mechlorethamine

- 12. Which of the following chemotherapy agents acts by intercalation?
- (a) Vincristine
- (b) Paclitaxel
- (c) Doxorubicin
- (d) Vincristine and paclitaxel
- (e) Topotecan
- 13. How do antimetabolites exert their cytotoxic effect?
- (a) Inhibiting DNA synthesis by sliding between DNA base pairs
- (b) Inhibiting RNA synthesis by sliding between RNA base pairs
- (c) Acting as false metabolites in the microtubules
- (d) Acting as false substitutions in the production of nucleic acids
- (e) Promoting microtubule assembly and stabilization
- 14. Which statement regarding phasespecific chemotherapeutic agents is correct? They
- (a) Are most effective in one phase of the cell cycle
- (b) Are effective in all phases of the cell cycle
- (c) Are only effective in G0 phase
- (d) Include the alkylating agents
- (e) Include the antitumor antibiotics
- 15. Which of the following diuretics are steroid derivatives?
- (a) Spironolactone
- (b) Eplerenone
- (c) mannitol
- (d) indapamide
- (e) All of the above